Lesson 6A

GRAMMAR | used to VOCABULARY | the arts PRONUNCIATION | used to

VOCABULARY

the arts

- 🚹 📑 Choose the correct word to complete the sentences.
 - 1 Dani's in her **drawing / studio / subject** finishing a painting.
 - **2** Most of the architect's building **composers** / **designs** / **galleries** are very modern.
 - 3 Many university students choose to study the arts/ styles/works like music and dance.
 - 4 When the band sang their most famous song, the audience / recording / venue shouted loudly.
 - 5 I create many paintings of the same artist/subject/works so I can show it in different ways.
 - **6** We didn't see the show at the theatre, but we watched the **design / recording / studio** of it on TV.
 - B Complete the article with the words in the box.

art gallery design drawings painter studio styles subjects works

•••

Art is more than a painting

When we think of art, we often imagine a - someone who sits in a ² creating a painting and then showing it to people at together with paintings by other people. But there are some unusual artists who do very different things. There's Erika Iris Simmons, ... are famous musicians. She creates images of them using the thin, brown tape from the musicians' cassette (those things people used to listen to before CDs and MP3s). Then, there's Salavat Fidai, whose 5 of art are made from a pencil, but they're not 6 with a pencil. The pencil is the art. Fidai first makes of something or someone. He then uses a knife to cut the end of a pencil into the same shape. The person or thing is tiny, but perfect! And then there's Brian Dettmer, who uses a knife on old books and turns them into something new. So, there are many different ways of creating art and many different 8



GRAMMAR

used to

	se	ntences.			
	1	Did you		do a lot of art	at school?
				use to	
	2	We	oui	grandparents	every summer.
		a used to visit		-	
	3	Francine		a dancer for	a year.
		a used to be			-
	4	lea	t tc	matoes, but I c	lo now.
		a didn't used to			
		We			
		a didn't used to	_		
		Iard			
		years in the 1990		ectare at armve	arsity for four
		a used to study		studied	c have studied
	us	omplete the commed to and the corr hen used to is not	ect	form of the ver	b in brackets.
		you ¹ ool but aren't no			
	¥	1.3			
		K: ²			
		(ta			a few years
a	go	and I can draw w	/eii	now.	
S	cho	inda: I ool, but I enjoy it oy it!	nov	"(not like) a w. I'm not good	art much at at it, but l
la	avi	er: 5	7	(love) painti	ng. but
11	6	(s k because I didn'	top) doing it wher	l started
		1 - 1 - 7			N. data and
Α	t s			(never / enj (prefer) \	
W	/00	od. I still do.			
PR	0	NUNCIATI	0	N	
		6.01 <i>used to</i> Lords you hear in ea			e number of
		2 3			5 6
		_			
	_	6.01 Listen aga			
	5				
	6				

2A 📑 Choose the correct word or phrase to complete the

READING

4 Read the text. Choose the correct word to complete the sentence.

We are pleased to announce that photographs ______by local artists will be on show at this gallery from 1–31 May.

- **a** done **b** made **c** taken
- 5 A Read the article about photographer Gregory Crewdson. Which topics (1–6) does the writer mention?
 - 1 what is special about Crewdson's photos
 - 2 where Crewdson went to university
 - 3 Crewdson's first photo
 - 4 how Crewdson takes photographs
 - 5 what gave Crewdson his idea
 - 6 Crewdson's photos in art galleries

B Choose the correct option (a-c).

- 1 The writer says Crewdson and Hopper are similar
 - a because their art includes unusual activities.
 - **b** because their art shows normal life.
 - c because their art looks like a film.
- 2 Crewdson's works are different from Hopper's
 - a because we can only see them in cinemas
 - **b** because they include something unusual.
 - **c** because they show a different country.
- **3** The writer says that many other photographers
 - **a** studied the arts at a university.
 - **b** plan when to take their pictures.
 - **c** feel pleased if they get an amazing photo.
- 4 Why is Crewdson different to other artists?
 - **a** He knows what will be in his photos before he takes them.
 - **b** He works with a small number of staff.
 - **c** He only uses things that he can find in the area.
- 5 In many of Crewdson's photos, the subjects
 - **a** make strange things from materials around them.
 - **b** enjoy the evening because new things happen.
 - **c** are unsure why they're doing certain things.
- **6** The feelings people have in the photos make us
 - $\boldsymbol{a}\,$ ask questions about the photos.
 - **b** think of reasons for the feelings.
 - c experience the same feelings.

${\bf C}\,$ Choose the correct word(s) to complete the sentences.

- 1 The writer says that when we see the works of Crewdson and Hopper, we imagine films / stories.
- 2 The people in Crewdson's photos are actors / photographers.
- **3** The writer says that the way that Crewdson takes a photo is similar to how a **film / painting** is made.
- 4 Crewdson got his idea for his photographs from a film character/mountain in a film.
- **5** People in his photos are often **afraid/annoyed**.
- 6 The writer says that when we see the content of Crewdson's photos, we think about 'Who?' / 'Why?'.

Photographs that tell a story

Look at photos in any gallery and you'll see something interesting, but look at a Gregory Crewdson photo and you'll feel like you're at the cinema. Crewdson's photos are sometimes compared to the paintings of Edward Hopper. They both show regular scenes from everyday life in the USA and they both build stories in our minds. What's different is that Crewdson's photos show real life, but also something not real. Something strange. Crewdson studied art at Yale University, and is now a professor of photography there. Many photographers take photos of people, places or events at the time they happen, and feel both lucky and happy when they get the perfect image. Crewdson takes time to plan every detail of his photographs before he takes them. He wants to be sure that everything in the photo will be perfect. He doesn't work alone or with a small team like many photographers do. He has a huge group of people working with him, including actors that appear in the pictures. Some photographers will only take photos of what is around them. Crewdson creates a scene a bit like a film, with special lights, and things he brings in, like old cars, or rain from a machine.

Crewdson often takes his photos when day meets night, because he believes that unusual things can happen at this time – things that might not be quite real. In a lot of his photographs, people do strange things, often without understanding why. He says that the film *Close Encounters of the Third Kind* from the 1970s gave him this idea. In this film, a character makes shapes of mountains from things around him, but he doesn't know why.

Crewdson's photos make us feel like the people in the photos. They're often worried or frightened because they don't understand something happening around them. In one photograph, we see a man on his hands and knees in the living room of his home, looking at a hole in the floor. A purple light is shining up through the floor. There are four other holes with light in the room too. Who made the holes? What's under the floor? What's creating the light? When we see this, we start imagining stories about why. This is exactly what Crewdson wants.



Lesson 6B

GRAMMAR | comparatives and superlatives **VOCABULARY** | creativity: word building **PRONUNCIATION** | word stress in word families

VOCABULARY

reativity:	wora bui	laing	
A 📑 Choos	e the correc	t word to compl	lete the sentences
1 I'm takii	ng a	course a	t college.
a photo	b	photograph	c photography
	great at sc	ience, but she's	not very good
a art	b	talent	c photograph
3 I'd love mum, b	to be a reall ut I can't da	y nce at all.	dancer like my
a jealo	us b	talented	c terrified
4 I hope t clever a	hat one day nd	people will thi	nk I'm a really on the guitar.
a fake	b	photographic	c skilful
5 Let's	†	that we're on a	beautiful beach.
a creat	e b	imagine	c invent
6 Everyor	ne in my fam	nily has a	for acting
a creat	ivity b	skill	c talent
B Complete	the blog po	st with the wor	ds in the box.
create skills ta	•	photographe	er photography
_			

We can all take amazing photos

If you have a camera on your phone, you can be a ²____, a little understanding of your camera and a bit of 3 . As soon as you see something interesting, take out your phone and take a picture. Not even the most 4.... artists were great at first, so don't feel bad if you don't brilliant photos immediately. Look at photos online and notice what makes them good. Do the same thing with your own photos. You'll soon find that your ⁶ improve. And remember practice makes perfect.

C Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets

w	orus iii brackets.		
1	I'm not an	but I do love to paint. (a	art)
2	You need a lot of	in my job. (create	e)
3	I want to be really good (photograph)	d at	
4	I'm not very	at painting. (skill)	
5	I don't think I'm particul people say I am. (create		ome
6	The stories you tell are	very	gine)
7	Ellen used to be awas young. (talent)	footballer wher	า she
8	I'm sure if you use your	, you can th	nink

of some new ideas. (imagine)

PRONUNCIATION

2A | word stress in word families | Put the words in the box in the correct stress group (1-3).

	artist artistic creative creativity imagine imaginative photograph photographic talented
1	The first syllable is stressed:
2	The second syllable is stressed:
3	The third syllable is stressed:
<	6.02 Listen and check.

GRAMMAR

R

comparatives and superlatives

- **3** A The sentences below have a mistake. Choose the best option to correct the mistake.
 - **1** This exercise is easier the last one.
 - **a** easier than **b** the most easy **c** more easier
 - **2** The bathroom is <u>furthest</u> room on the right.
 - **a** the further **b** the furthest **c** further than This sofa isn't <u>as comfortable</u> my old one.
 - **a** more comfortable **b** as comfortable than c as comfortable as
 - 4 I can't sing better as you can.

fact, I feel great these days. I'm much 7

(relaxed) and much 8_

- a well as **b** as well as c as good as
- B Complete the blog post with the comparative or superlative form of the adjectives in brackets.

How t	o be a cre	ative thinker
I'm not 1	(creative) pe	erson in the world, or
		something I was born
with, but I've bed	ome ²	(imaginative) since
		'How to improve your
imagination'. I us	sed to be someor	ne who didn't want to
try new ideas in	case something v	vent wrong. I didn't
		eople did, and I was
		son I know at taking
time off from wo	rk. But the article	e made me change
my ways. I've bed	come ⁴	(talented) when
thinking of new i	deas. I listen 5	(carefully)
		I can use some of
them myself. I've	also become 6	(good) at
		ve the time to think. In

(stressed).

LISTENING

4A 6.03 | Listen to the introduction to a podcast. Choose the correct topic.

- a using science to understand creativity
- **b** ways that we can all be more creative
- c how our studies make us more creative

B • 6.04 | Listen to the rest of the podcast. Are the statements True (T) or False (F)?

- 1 Scientists have been able to understand the brain and creativity better in recent years.
- 2 Creativity happens when different parts of the brain communicate with each other.
- 3 Our creativity depends only on our mother and father.
- **4** Creative people are usually their most creative when they're young.
- **5** Alicia is unsure if adults become more creative through play and films.
- **6** Mobile phones keep our minds too busy to be creative.

C 6.04 Listen again and complete the sentences with one word in each gap.

- 1 Alicia says that creativity occurs in parts of the brain.
- 2 When we're creative, we use different parts of our brain for different
- **3** Alicia explains that the human brain changes its ______during our lives.
- **4** Alicia says that children learn when they creative people.
- **5** Alicia says that clean air and good helps creativity in adults.
- **6** Alicia believes that we're usually more creative without

We know that adults are more creative when they get outside and have some fresh air, and when they get a great night's sleep. And also, when they have their phones away from them. We're creative when we empty our minds and let new ideas in. That doesn't always happen when we're using technology.



WRITING

a review

6 Choose the correct word(s) to complete the review.

A

A dirty but fun experience!

One of the best experiences I've ever had was when I went paintballing in a forest with friends a few years ago. ¹**Although** / **Because of** I wasn't sure what to expect, it was fun.

Before the game, we divided ourselves into two teams. Then, the teams started shooting paint at each other. The idea was to get into the other team's camp and take their flag. Sadly, they were better and got our flag first.

²Unless / While my team lost, I still really enjoyed the experience and I would definitely recommend it. I got dirty ³because of / while the paint, but I laughed a lot. Just one piece of advice – don't do it ⁴although / unless you're wearing lots of clothes. Those paint balls can hurt if they hit your skin!



- 7 A You are going to write a review of an experience you have had (for example a sports event, a creative activity, or a visit to an interesting place). Decide the following things.
 - what the experience was and when it happened
 - what happened
 - · say what was good and/or bad about it
 - say if you'd recommend it and why
 - **B** Write your review in 100–140 words. Use linking words to connect your ideas. Include at least one comparative and one superlative adjective.

Lesson 6C

HOW TO ... | ask for and give opinions and reasons

VOCABULARY | extreme adjectives

PRONUNCIATION | intonation for expressing opinions

VOCABULARY

extreme adjectives

- Choose the correct word to complete the sentences.
 - 1. The use of colours in this painting is impossible / outstanding. I love them.
 - **2** I know I asked for a small piece of cake, but this is fantastic / tiny!
 - **3** These new trousers are **fascinating** / **horrible** on me. They're too big and look really bad.
 - 4 I'd love to be a great artist, but I think it's essential / impossible for me now.
 - 5 I love this film. I think everything about it is fantastic / terrible.
 - 6 I'm reading a short, but fascinating / huge book about bees.
 - B Complete the conversation using words from the hox

	ssential fa utstanding			huge	impossible
A:	Should I vis	sit the mus	seums in P	aris?	
	Yes, it's 1 like the Lo		that you	go to at	least one,
Α:	Why?				
B:	The art you you learn in	nteresting history	facts and ⁄. The pain	find out ting of t	some

to see it.

And the crowds make it 5.



How to ...

ask for and give opinions and reasons

2 A 5 6.06 | Listen to the recording. Write what you hear. You will hear the sentences only once.

1	
,	
_	
3	
+	
=	

- **B** Match the sentences in Ex 2A with their purposes.
 - **a** asking for an opinion
- **d** giving a reason
- **b** giving an opinion
- **e** agreeing to disagree
- c asking for a reason
- **3** 6.07 Listen and choose the correct answer.

The man liked / didn't like the film.

PRONUNCIATION

- **♦ 6.08** | intonation for expressing opinions | Listen and choose the word that is stressed the most.
 - 1 I thought it was terrible.
 - 2 In my view, the acting was good.
 - For me, that doesn't make a good film.

SPEAKING

- **5A 6.09** Number the sentences in the correct order. Then listen and check.
 - A: Why did you think that? 5
 - B: Do you? I suppose we're all different.
 - A: Oh yes? What did you think of it?
 - B: Because the story was hard to understand.
 - A: What was the last film you saw?
 - B: In my view, the acting was good, but there was very little speaking. It was all action. For me, that doesn't make a good film.
 - A: Really? I like a lot of action in my films!
 - B: It was that action film that came out on Friday. saw it at the weekend.
 - A: Oh dear, that's not good. How was the acting?
 - B: I thought it was terrible.
 - **B** 6.10 You are B in the conversation in Ex 5A. Listen and speak after the beep. Record the conversation if you can.
 - C Listen to your recording and compare it to the model in Ex 5A.



Lesson 6D

GRAMMAR | present perfect + for, since and yet **READING** | creative science

GRAMMAR

present perfect + for, since and yet

1	A 📑	Choose the correct word or phrase to complete the
	ser	tences.

1	We	here since 6	o'clock this morning.
f	a were	b 've been	c 'd been
2	1	at a bank, but	now I'm a shop
	manager.		
Ì	a work	b worked	c 've worked
3	Jack hasn't fini	shed his home	work
	a already	b since	c yet
4	1	Beth since we	were little.
	a 've known	b know	c knew
5	We've lived her	re	twenty years.
	a for	b since	c yet
6	Ariana and Ma		
	t	hey were childi	ren.
	a yet	b for	c since

B Complete the sentences with the correct present perfect simple or past simple form of the verbs in brackets.

1	My dadwas a child.	(have) the same glasses since I
2	months last	(take) guitar lessons for a few year.
3	We	(not finish) our work yet.
4	1	(not see) you for months. How are you?
5	Ellie	(not be) well since her holiday.
		o learn how to do this since
		(be) a child.

READING

2 A Read the article. What is the writer's main point?

- **a** We should give awards to the scientists who do the most creative work.
- **b** Schools should teach creativity in science and not just prepare students for tests.
- c It's important for scientists to study art.

B Complete each sentence with one or two words.

1	The writer believes that we usually connect
	creativity more tothan science.
2	Albert Einstein compared scientists to
3	The writer uses the example of the Ig Nobel Prize to show that science can be fun as well as serious.
4	Some scientists studied the problem people have with the of other people eating.

science subjects at ______ if it is taught at school with more creativity.

6 The writer asks how we can check that all school

5 Many scientists think that more people will take

6 The writer asks how we can check that all school are creative.

Creative science

When we think of creativity, we usually think of the arts, not science. Science, we often think, is about doing experiments that follow rules, and looking at a lot of data. But these activities only describe one part of science. Before scientists can test their ideas and look at data, they first need to think of ideas, and this needs a lot of imagination. Albert Einstein once described the greatest scientists as artists.

Just look at the winners of the Ig Nobel Prize, and you'll see just how creative scientists can be. These prizes are given to scientists who did research which first makes people laugh, and then makes them think. They might seem to be just fun experiments, but many actually produce very useful results.

For example, there was a group of scientists who won the Ig Nobel Prize for their study of drivers shouting and getting angry with other drivers. It might seem funny, but it's important to understand this better for road safety. There were also the three prize-winning scientists who did some research where people listened to other people eating. They discovered that there is a medical problem called misophonia. For some people, the sound of people eating is really stressful and can make them ill.

For those scientists to get such results, they needed to have an idea, and that idea needed creativity.

Some people are worried that there's too much of a focus on exams in school science and not enough on creativity, and so young people are getting the wrong idea about what science is. They're not developing the imagination they need to work in science, and they're becoming less interested in the subject because it doesn't seem very interesting. This often means students stop studying science as soon as they finish school. Many scientists think that more time for creativity in science lessons will help young people to develop creative skills, enjoy science more and continue to study science at university.

Just go online and you can see the number of creative science videos which show presenters creating strange and wonderful things that make you shout 'Wow!'. There are probably many science teachers doing similar things in their classroom for their students. The question is how we make sure that all science lessons include this kind of creativity to get young people to see just how imaginative science can be.

G	K	AMMAR	K	
1		Choose the entences.	correct word or p	hrase to complete the
	1	The driver said sorry.	dama	ged my car has never
		a which	b whose	c who
	2	Jenny is the	woman	son is an actor.
)	a that	b who	c whose
	3	There's neve energy.	r a time	I feel full of
		a when	b where	c which
	4	birdwatching	7	I can go
		a which	b where	c who
	5		interests as you.	ends
		a who	b whose	c which
	6	I've downloa eat healthier		helps me to
		a which	b who	c whose
2	C	omplete the r	eported speech.	
	1	'I've never m	et Jamie before n	ow.
		She said she before then.		
	2	'I'm cooking	dinner tonight.'	
		He said he		
		that night.		
	3	'We're going	out this evening.'	
		She said the that evening		
	1		see Alex later.'	
	4	. ,		
		later that da	y.	
	5	'I can't do it	right now!'.	
		He told me tright then.	hat he	

The sentences below have a mistake. Choose the best option to correct the mistake.

1 We didn't used to want a pet, but we do now.

b use love

- **a** never use to **b** didn't use to c used to
- 2 Lori used love riding horses when she was young.

c used to love

3 <u>Used you to go to school here?</u>

6 'I need to get some sleep tonight!'

She told me that she

that night.

a Did you used to

a use to love

- **b** Were you used to
- c Did you use to
- 4 I use to go to college for three years.
 - **a** used to go **b** went c did went

4	Complete the sentences with will, might or the correct
	form of <i>be going to</i> .

1	The coffee machin sure it	e's making a terrible no break.	oise. I'm
	Bella I'm not sure.	come round for dinne	r later, but
3	So, Iplanned. I'm lookii	see you tonight at 8 p.1 ng forward to it.	m. as
4	Lisahome. She usually	probably call me when does.	she gets
5		and it's 8.55 now. It tak ere, so we	
	I can't be certain, call later.	but Oscar	give you a

Complete the sentences with the comparative or superlative form of the words in brackets.

1 This bag is £500! That bag is £500!

	The bags areother! (expensive)	each
2	I'm 165 cm tall. You're 185 cm tall.	
	l'm	you. (not tall)
3	Kate runs 5 km in 25 minutes. Becky r thirty-two minutes.	runs 5 km in
	Becky runs	Kate. (slow)
4	Ben lives 25 km away. Thierry lives 40 Mandy lives 50 km away.	km away.
	Mandy lives all of us. (far)	away of
5	I've had good and bad pizzas. This is t	he first

This is	pizza l	've ever ea	aten. (bad)
6 I'm quite a c	areful driver. M	1y sister is	very careful
My sister dr	ives	me. (ca	reful)

For each question, write the correct answer. Write one word for each gap.

A creative games designer

• • •

Kenzo Watanabe has been a games designer 2005. After working at a small company for five years, he started his own company, which he's owned 2 over ten years. During that time, he 3 created some really popular game apps that millions of people around the world 4 downloaded.

Watanabe's company is now earning a lot of money, but Watanabe says that he's not interested in money. He creates games because he loves playing them himself, and he always tries to make he wants to play. Maybe this is why people believe he is one of the 6 creative games designers in the industry at the moment, and why so many people look forward to the new games he produces.

VOCABULARY

7 Complete the social media posts with the correct verb. The first letter is given.

<u>ବ</u>
••
BIG NEWS! Abby and I ¹gengaged last night. We hope you'll all come and see us ²gmarried next year.
ny driving test, so watch out drivers!
Daniel ⁴ g from university today. We're very proud!
We've ⁵ h our baby – a little boy. Mother and baby are doing fine.
I can't believe United ⁶ w that match. They weren't the best team.
I 7b my phone this morning. It fell out of my bag and now it doesn't work.
After two years of hard work, I finally 8gpromoted.
Thanks to everyone who ⁹ c my birthday with me yesterday. It was fun.

8 Match the sentence halves.

- 1 I hate sitting in a traffic
- 2 We donate money
- 3 I try to recycle as much of
- 4 Gary and I had a huge
- 5 My last social media post got
- 6 People are talking about climate
- 7 We need to plan for possible natural
- 8 Some people think this news
- a argument at work yesterday.
- **b** disasters in the future.
- **c** to charity once a month.
- **d** about the government is fake.
- e over 300 likes.
- **f** jam every morning.
- **g** change a lot these days.
- h my waste as possible.

activists environment headline huge levels online rubbish skilful

A: Did you see the news story posted 1______earlier?

B: No, what was it?

A: Someone's building a hotel here, but not a small one, a 2______one.

B: Won't it damage the 3_____?

A: Yes, people are worried about higher

4_____ of pollution. More tourists means more 5_____ left on the beach.

10 A Replace the words in bold with the words in the box.

architect audience composer studio subject venues

- 1 When an artist wants to create a piece of art, they go to a **painter**.
- **2** A theatre, an art gallery and a restaurant are all examples of **recordings**.
- **3** An **artist** is a group of people who watch a performer.
- **4** An **image** is a person who designs buildings.
- **5** The **drawing** of a painting is the main person or thing in it.
- **6** A **dancer** is a person who writes music.
- Choose the correct word(s) to complete the competition advert.

Talent competition

Are you a ¹photographic / talented performer? If so, please enter our ²imagine / talent show on 17 July at the wonderful ²venue / works, the Royal Theatre. There'll be a live ⁴audience / recording there to watch you, and prizes to win. It's a great opportunity to show people who you are and what you can do. We're looking for ⁵artist / creative people, like bands, singers or ⁵dancers / subjects. We're also looking for people to help us organise the show, so if your ¹art / skill is in organising people, or taking fantastic ³photographs / drawings and sharing them on social media, then we'd love your help.

Click **here** for more information.