

What places are there in your town? Make a list with a partner.

## Listen and read. Where do Lee and Kim want to go?

Kim: I think we're lost, Lee. These apps always get it wrong!
Lee: No, we aren't. Look at the map. It says we're here. We're near the supermarket.
Kim: But we're in front of the theatre! How do we get to the swimming pool? Type in Westgate Street. That's where it is.
Lee: OK. It says we should turn left at the corner at the end of this street, and then go straight ahead for five hundred metres.
Kim: Look, now we're next to the cinema. Are you sure you typed in the correct address?
Lee: Yes, look!
Kim: No! You typed in Westlake Street! I said Westgate.
Lee: Oh, l'm so sorry!
Kim: I know. Let's use this paper map and compass instead.
Lee: Good idea.
Kim: If we look at our compass we are north, so we should be here. Now we have to turn right at the next corner...


Look and match. Then listen, check and repeat.
theatre newsagent post office college supermarket chemist factory circus shopping centre cinema


There isn't a factory, but there's a college.

## Listen and find. They say.



| (1) post office | cinema |
| :--- | :--- |
| (5) college | circus |

## ลrํok <br> How do you get to the swimming pool?

Turn left at the corner, then go straight ahead.

The swimming pool is at the end of the street.

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3) newsagent
(4) chemist
(7) factory



(7) Look at the map and the questions. Write directions in your notebook.
near between next to behind straight ahead at the end of in front of

1 How do you get from the college to the newsagent?
2 How do you get from the shopping centre to the circus?
3 How do you get from the post office to the chemist?
4 How do you get from the newsagent to the theatre?
Turn right and then go straight ahead. At the end

- of Charing Cross Road turn left...


Think about where you live. Ask for and give directions.


Look and match. Then listen, check and repeat.
guest house fire station airport stadium underground railway station bookshop police station bus stop university


BHFNDH1C


Play a guessing game.


|  | Who? | wants to go... | should / can... |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Michael | bookshop | catch a bus |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Katy | airport | get a train |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Anna | stadium | walk |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | William | guest house | get a taxi |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Maya | university | ride a bicycle |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | Robert | factory | drive a car |

## 룬OT

If you want to buy a book, you should go to the bookshop.

If I get lost, I can go to the police station.

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(13) Using the table in Activity 12, think about the situations and write sentences in your notebook.

Your friend...

- wants to buy a book
- wants to go to the college
- wants to go on holiday
- wants to see a football match

|  | If you want to buy a book, you should |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | catch a bus to the bookshop. |

Write three possible situations. Play a game.


BEFORE Look at the pictures. Where do you think they are? Tell a partner.

WHILE Listen and read. Where does Matt want to go in Atlantis?


18 AFTER Read the story again. Then answer the questions.

1 Where does Matt want to go first?
2 What did the mysterious couple want to buy?
3 Who do Bella, Matt and AL hide from?
4 How does Bella feel when they arrive in Atlantis?
5 What does Matt want to do next?


Learn to be flexible and adapt to different situations.

Do a quiz with a partner. How adaptable are you? Read the key and rank yourself 1-3 in your notebook.

| SITUATION <br> A You want to play computer games, but you have to do homework. | $B$ You want to go to a party, but you have to be home before 10 p.m. | c You want to meet your friends, but you have to study for a test. | D You want to stay up late, but you have to get up early. | E You <br> to mee but yo to take of you broth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YOU |  | ... | -. |  |
| YOUR FRIEND |  | =. | ... |  |
| 1 I feel OK and can adapt | 21 feel | e frustrated | 31 feel very | ustrated |

strange $\rightarrow$ strangely care $\rightarrow$ careful careful $\rightarrow$ carefully kind $\rightarrow$ kindly easy $\rightarrow$ easily colour $\rightarrow$ colourful

## Listen and read the sentences

 with your partner.1 The city is very colourful.
2 She drove very dangerously in the neighbourhood.
3 They welcomed me so warmly into their home.
4 She is very thankful for the theatre tickets.
5 I learnt the recipe very easily.
6 I'm so forgetful! I need to go to the bookshop.

## Suffixes-ful and -ly

- To form adjectives from nouns:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { peace } \rightarrow \text { peaceful } \\
& \text { friend } \rightarrow \text { friendly }
\end{aligned}
$$

- To form adverbs from adjectives: quick $\rightarrow$ quickly slow $\rightarrow$ slowly
- Be careful! There are some irregular spellings:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { happy } \rightarrow \text { happily } \\
& \text { beauty } \rightarrow \text { beautiful }
\end{aligned}
$$

0What are the differences between towns or cities and villages? Tell a partner. Listen and read. Then answer.

1 Are there more people in cities or in villages?
2 Where is life more noisy?
3 Are cities as busy as towns? Urban and rural life

The number of people in a place is called the population. People who live in a town or a city are called the urban population and those living in a village are called the rural population. Towns are not as big as cities and there aren't as many people. There aren't as many shopping centres, universities and stadiums in towns and villages as in cities. Cities aren't usually as clean
 as towns, but sometimes towns can be as dirty as cities. There isn't as much
 traffic in villages as there is in towns or cities. In some big cities like London there are as many parks and green spaces as in smaller towns, if not more! Life in a village isn't as noisy as in a city, but village life isn't as busy as city life. Some towns are as quiet as villages and can be very interesting.

## 24) Match the definitions with the words in bold in Activity 23.

1 to do with towns and cities
2 to do with the countryside
3 not clean
4 the number of people in a place

## R2rookd

Towns aren't as big as cities.
There are as many parks in a city as in a town.
There isn't as much traffic in villages as in cities.
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5 a small town, often in the countryside
6 cars, buses and other vehicles on the road

## 25 Look at the graph. Read and say True or False.

1 There are as many people in Sunny Village as in Blue City.
2 There is as much traffic in Sunny Village as in Blue City.
3 There aren't as many factories in Sunny Village as Green Town.
4 Sunny Village isn't as noisy as Blue City.


Talk about the graph with your partner.

Sunny Village is as noisy as Green Town.



# Wider 



What different buildings do you know?
Listen and read. Then match the texts with the photos.


I'm from a small town in Andalucía, Spain. My house is very unusual. It's a cave house. Some people think caves are scary and dark, but I think they're great. They are very cool in the summer and warm in the winter. My town has got beautiful beaches near my home. I love playing volleyball on the sand. There are also many interesting castles. My favourite is Vélez Blanco.

2 I live in Hong Kong, a very busy place in China. Seven million people live in Hong Kong. It's very noisy here, but it's never boring. I live on the fortieth floor of a building in Kowloon. It's got great views. There are a lot of shopping centres, restaurants and museums near my home. The science museum is my favourite. I always learn new and interesting things there.

## Chiu-Wai, 12, China

I live on an island in Greece called Paros. I live with my family in a beautiful white house in a village. The island is quite small - just 13,000 people live here. There's a harbour near our house. My sister and I like sailing, and sometimes we go fishing with our father. My father loves fishing, but he's not very good at it!
29) Look at Activity 28. Read and choose.

1 Alba lives in a ( cave house / beach house ) in Spain. She likes going to the (museum / beach) at the weekend.
2 There's a ( shopping centre / sports centre ) near Chiu-Wai's home.
3 Eleni lives ( near a river / on an island ). Eleni's father is ( not good at / good at ) fishing.


## Ask and answer.

1 Where do you want to live and why?
2 What do/don't you like about where you live?
(31) Make a presentation about your ideal town or city.

## PROJEC BOX

1 Imagine your ideal town or city.
2 Answer these questions about it: - Where is it? • What is it like living there? - What are your favourite places?
3 Design your town or city. Find or draw pictures.
4 Present your ideal city to the class.

Describe the homes in the texts to your parents. Talk about your home, too. READ Read and complete. Then listen and check.
airport beaches island online places school

From: alex@yoohoo.com
To: sun_kwan@nmail.com
Hi Sun-kwan,
I'm writing to you because I want to have an ${ }^{1}$... friend in a big city! I love sending emails to friends.
I live in a village on Sark. Sark is a very small British ${ }^{2}$... near France. Only six hundred people live on Sark. I'm happy here because my family and friends are here. Love school, too. There's only one ${ }^{\mathbf{3}} \ldots$ on Sark, and we sometimes play sports, but often there aren't many people to make teams.

The ${ }^{4}$... here are very clean, and they're very quiet. There is a post office and a newsagent, but there aren't any shopping centres on the island. If we want to go to the big shops, we have to go by boat for an hour to another island next to Sark! On Sark, there isn't an ${ }^{5} \ldots$, and there aren't any cars, railway stations or even bus stations! We ride our bikes everywhere. It's really quiet here.

I want to make new friends from different ${ }^{6}$... . Do you like living in Seoul?
Please email me soon. I want to know about your life in a big city! Alex


33 THINK Look at the email again. Talk about the questions.

1 Why does Alex say he is writing to Sun-kwan in the first paragraph?
2 What does Alex talk about in the second paragraph?
3 What does Alex describe in the third paragraph?
4 Why does Alex ask Sun-kwan if he likes living in Seoul?
5 How does Alex finish the email?
(34) PLAN Imagine you live in an unusual place. Ask and answer about it.

1 Where is your unusual place?
2 What things can you do there?
3 What do you like about it?

## Whidydicudirb

We use and to join two similar or related ideas, e.g. There is a post office and a newsagent.

We use but to join a positive and a negative idea, e.g. We play sports, but sometimes there aren't enough people.

We use because to give a reason, e.g.
I'm happy because my family and friends are here.

35 WRITE Write an email to an online friend.
Use your notes from Activity 34 to help.

a police station
b bookshop
c newsagent
d library
37) Look at the map in Activity 36 and complete in your notebook.

1 The police station is in
.. of the $\qquad$
3 The bookshop is .. the ... and the ... .

2 The newsagent is ... the .
4 The library is ... the ... .

38 Look at the map in Activity 36. Ask for directions with your partner.

39 Look at the chart. Make five sentences using as ... as.

C There are as many
C theatres in Old Town
as in Sun Town. There
isn't as much noise in
C Sun Town as in New City.

40) Complete the If sentences in your notebook using should or can as necessary.

1 If you want to see a film, ... (go / cinema).
2 ... (like / animals), you can go to a zoo.
3 If it is too far to walk, ... (go by / train).
4 If you feel tired, ... (go / bed).

## ReAy

I can say where places are and give directions. I can use if sentences to give directions and advice. I can write a friendly email about a place.


